Safe Drilling & Blasting





Explosives – What are they !! ...

- Are chemical compounds initiated by shock, heat or impact
 - Low (black powder and nitrocellulose)
 - High (permitted and non-permitted)
 - Initiating (notably PETN and ASA)



- Transform rapidly, releasing heat and (mainly) high pressure gases
- Create a stress wave and exert pressure



Explosives – What are they !! ...

Oxidiser – A chemical that provides oxygen for the reaction. Ammonium Nitrate is the most common oxidiser

PLUS

Fuel – Reacts with oxygen to provide heat. Common fuels are diesel and aluminum powder

PLUS

Initiation



Explosives are always looking for the easiest way out







High Explosives



Packaged or bulk





ANFO or emulsion



ANFO – Ammonium Nitrate Fuel Oil



- 94% Ammonium Nitrate to
 6% Fuel (Diesel, Canola Oil)
- 16kg of Ammonium Nitrate to 1 litre of Fuel Oil
- Pure aluminum powder can be used to increase energy
- Pink dye in the diesel to signify explosive and show mixing



Department of Natural Resources and Mines



Queensland Government



Initiating explosives



Detonators, boosters, det cord etc.









Definitions:

Detonator

Device used to trigger an explosive device

Delay

Element within detonator that delays triggering of explosive

Detonating cord

A high-speed fuse which explodes, rather than burns, and is suitable for detonating high explosives

Booster

Boosts initiation to ensure detonation of the main charge











Regulation 86 - Principal hazard management plan for explosives

Plans need to include:

- the safety of equipment used at the mining operation for manufacturing, storing, transporting, and delivering explosives:
- how explosives brought into the mining operation and used at the mining operation will be accounted for:
- the establishment of secure storage for explosives at the mining operation, including a system for signing explosives in and out of storage:
- the identification and control of hazards that may arise during the charging and firing of explosives; and
- the establishment of declared danger zones that no person may enter while blasting operations are taking place:
- the procedure to find, recover, and detonate misfired explosives:
- a register of people at or providing a service to the mining operation who are approved handlers under legislation



Legislative requirements

Site HSMS must provide for safe and secure handling, storage, and transporting of explosives.

- Must cover use, handling and transporting
- Security of explosives must be included

Risk management process required to identify hazards associated with drilling and blasting.

Have you identified all hazards associated with blasting ?
 (lightning, sympathetic detonation, unstable ground etc.)

The person in control of explosives must ensure:

- Use of explosive is accounted for,
- Surplus explosive is accounted for,
- Explosives are secure while being transported,
- Appropriate records are kept.







Legislative requirements

Safe Working Action Plan

Given that one hole has been identified as misfiring, it is expected that the following should be recovered:

1* 400g booster and 1* detonator (At floor level or below).

Site *must* have a written procedure for dealing with misfires.

•	Hazard	Controls	Who
	Loading out shot rock and contacting explosives	Establish a demarcation line across the shot muckpile, this line is to include a buffer between the estimated explosives and the extraction limit for the quarry workers.	
	Employees and Contractors unaware of the incident or associated risks.	Conduct a communication meeting with all employees and contractors	
	Unauthorised access to misfire area	Construct bunding and erect signage warning of Authorised Persons Only to enter demarcation area	
	Extraction of rock when demarcation line reached	Extraction of rock to be completed by an excavator with a spotter. The position of the spotter should be such that he never places themselves under loose and/or unstable faces.	
	Unplanned detonation of unfired explosive while extracting rock	Install additional guarding to the front of the excavator to protect operator from potential fly-rock. A loader bucket or some other form of physical barrier will be employed as protection for the spotter. This should be positioned on the floor behind the excavator. Communication between the spotter and excavator operator will be via UHF two-way radio. The spotter will inspect the working face periodically when the excavation has ceased for any sign of explosive residue or explosives accessories.	



Contractor Management





The Health and Safety in Employment (Mining Operations and Quarrying Operations) Regulations 2016

Mine workers =

- Employees of the mine operator, and
- Contractors and their employees while they are working on the mine operator's site







All contractors are both good and not so good.

What makes the difference is the way you manage them.









Terminology





Blasting cycle

Quarry Planning and Design



Loaded shot

- Risk assessment
- Explosive reconciliation
- •• Shot firer feedback

Face survey and blast design



Drilled shot

- Bore tracking
- Drill logs
- Driller info



MinEx



Things to consider with each shot

- Stability of faces
- Overhanging rock
- Water on benches (adequate drainage)
- Bench cleaned and level for drilling
- Edge protection
- Security of blast zone
- Access to shot
- Faces clearly visible

(muck pile from last shot moved)





Blast Specific Risk Assessment

FORM 18 B

BLAST SPECIFIC RISK ASSESSMENT FORM

3809	Data shell administrated	Outs fred Stor Humber	
Company performing	Orling :	Name of Driller:	
Company performing	Situating :	Nominated Shotliner (
Person supervising D	rill & Elast for Duarty -		

	(To be completed before each commences)	YW		(Te	ite completed before fining commences)	YIN
Access & Layout	Is the access had to the bendt adequate 7 (protect, occurs protected, surface)		Pre Initiation	Has leading ecourted as par the blast design T (Ne prerColling, storaging, cell holes)		
	In these appropriate stokance from the back now of folias to the highwall Y (> 10 the floar height)		24	Plan an-exclusion cone bears established (Hobbin) P		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Have all highwalts been scated and continued safe 7			to the shate people of its	He able to the the shot without any topser robults. Anatoschere 2	
	Gass marying have WARS to serve that work 7		the second second	12.000		
			Anneed Alternatives In	Destree	Stoffrer-	
Markout	Has the face twen inspected from below 10 to undercure, overflange, lask timuto		a with particlular to accord in	ter gene	Manager -	
	Is the shot suffice resonancy amount is dear of the herants ?		Hazards Identified and Implemented Controls (want advers)			
	Are all expensions and by a structural barrier or a band ?		1.			
	Have communication evplants been confirmed with the reserve spacetier 7		2			
			- A.			
Drilling	Carly the chill be chill all holes perpendicular to the face 7		4.		and the second	
	Gan all tokes be drilled on gradients within the capabilities of the cost as T		SIGN - OFF (at members of blass syste team to sign of an cisk sussessment)			
	In there are exclusion zone around the boots of the eg Y					
	Move all vider sources been cleatified and claims to the shoftware attaction 7		2			
	A CARLES CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR AND A		3.			1.
Looding	Here the bitset area been defined with signings and all ten- desertiful equipment and persite temporal 7		4.			
	Can all ticks be traced without a perior having to breach. The structural learning or burd to lead 7.		5			
	What full production devices will be used 7 (- 3	Confirmation of complet Addressment by Manage	Kod Flash M	(Algorithm)	

Dog: 18.0 Exposives Cantor Plan	Asproves	2906	Program 18 - 0
			And the other designs of the local distance



Before you mark out and drill shot

- Have all potential hazards been considered?
 - Face profile
 - Edge protection
- Have you agreed outcomes to be achieved?
 - Firing direction
 - Muck pile shape
 - Fragmentation
- Has the Blast designer given you?
 - A drill plan
 - Risk assessment







Things to check post drilling

- Drill logs received and reviewed
- Review includes discussion with driller and review of bore tracking results
- Drilling accuracy considered in finalising loading plan with shotfirer (check back markers)
- Loading plan reviewed prior to loading
- Shotfirer Risk Assessment received
 and reviewed





And now for the shot

- Notifications
 Firing time
 Neighbours
 Communication
- Exclusion Zone
 Calculate appropriate zone
 Documented map
 Security of blast zone
 Blast guards in place
- Blast monitoring
- Tie up inspection
- Weather conditions
- Firing procedures









- Flyrock travelled 600metres
- Nearest building was 285 metres
- Damage to buildings, no-one injured
- Trim shot burdens unknown
- Hole deviation contributed





Conduct post-blast checks

- Re-entry checks
- Examine blast site & product
- Determine any requirement for secondary blasting
- Treat misfires
 - Hook-up again and re-fire
 - Remove stemming, re-prime, re-stem and re-fire
 - Wash out explosives and recover det and booster. Re-drill another hole and fire
 - Misfire procedures



FORM 18 C - Managers Blast Checklist

Site	Date shot commenced	Date & Time fired	Shot Number	
Company perfor	ming Drilling :	Name of Drill	er:	
Company perfor	ming Blasting :	Nominated S	hotfirer :	
Person supervis	ing Drill & Blast for Quarry :			

Preparation:			🎯 or n/a
A copy of the drillers SWMS and/or contractor manageme reviewed	nt plan has be	en obtained and	
A copy of the Shotfirers SWMS and Jor Contractor Manag	ement Plan ha	is been obtained	
All persons have been inducted onto site			
A face & bench stability inspection has been conducted to	identify any is	isues	
The blast design has been completed in consultation with	the shotfirer a	nd agreed upon	
A blast specific risk assessment has been completed (FO	RM 18 B)		
Edge protection is in place prior to mark out (fencing with	structural cap	ability or bunded}	
Drilling :			
Drilling equipment has been inspected and confirmed 'Fit fit	or purpose'		
If the shot is laser profiled, the results have been reviewed	and accepted	i	
If the shot is bore tracked the results have been reviewed	and accepted		-
A copy of the final drill log has been supplied and reviewe	d with the shot	tirer	
Blasting :			
	🔘 or n/a	Neighbours Names	"How Notified" (verbal, mail etc)
All neighbours have been notified as per DA or agreed requirements second details	1.		
Environmental monitors have been positioned	2		
Is the blast going to occur between allowable hours	3.		
Weather conditions are confirmed O.K to blast	4.		
Blast camera is in position to record shot	5.		2
Sentries have been positioned	6.		
All persons on site have been accounted for and are outside of exclusion zone (> 800 m minimum)		and the state of the	
Control handed over to shotfirer		Monitor Local	ions
All audible warning sirens have been sounded prior to blast	1,		
	2.		
Post Blast Inspection:	3.		
	-		
No mistres have been identified			
Misfires have been identified, recorded and dealt with in accordance with an approved 'misfire' procedure			
Shotfirer has handed site back to 'mine operator'			
No environmental exceedances identified		Regulatory Notifi	cations
Any blast concerns are noted on the blast plan & report	1.		
Regulators have been notified of reportable incidents or exceedances (tyrock, mixtre, faulty product, exceedances)	2.		
A copy of the blast plan & record has been provided to the Quarry Operator			

Doc: 18.0 Explosives Control Plan	Approver:	Datac	Program 18 - 6







Questions?

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